

REBELS TRAP TRAIN; KILL 56 PERSONS

Zapatistas Swarm from Hill-side and Slaughter Victims; Fingers Chopped Off to Get Rings; Women Mutilated

BRUTALITY GREATEST OF REVOLUTION

36 Soldiers Among Slain; Engine Derailed; Cars Ignited; Wounded Victims Cremated

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 12.—Thirty six soldiers and more than twenty passengers were slaughtered by Zapatistas in a canyon just north of Tijuana, 110 miles southeast of Mexico city yesterday, when the passenger train, south bound from this city, was attacked from ambush. Only meager details had reached this city tonight. So far as is known, only a part of the train crew escaped. The first news of the attack was sent to Mexico City by Conductor Martinez and Collector Dominguez, who, although wounded, managed to make their way to Yaupepec, twelve miles away. They were forced to steal through the Zapatista lines and did not arrive at the telegraph station until this afternoon.

After the rifle fire had ceased, rebels swarmed down from the hillsides and set fire to three cars, composing the train. A few of the wounded had crawled out on the right of way, thus escaping the fate of those unable to leave the cars and who were burned.

Looting Follows Slaughter. According to reports, the leader of the rebels made absolutely no effort to restrain his men from acts of brutality greater than any that have marked the campaign in the south. Wounded pleading for their lives were struck down without pity, so the report says, and even looting was held in abeyance until the slaughter was completed.

The story further relates that, not satisfied with robbing the victims in the ordinary way, fingers of men and women were chopped off with machetes, that the rings they wore might be more easily obtained. Ornaments were torn from the ears of the women, and their bodies otherwise mutilated, it was reported.

Among the passengers were 150 newspapermen, and they are among those killed. They were on their way to interview Zapata. One of these was H. L. Strauss, a native of Uruguay, and consul for that country in this city. He was employed at one time on the New York Herald. It is said he was making the trip to see Zapata as representative of El Pais. The ill-fated train left Mexico yesterday morning. Most of the passengers belonged to the former class.

Victims Entrapped. Soldiers who had been detailed to act as guard were from the eleventh battalion. By costly experience, the troops had learned to be on the alert, but from the time they left the station, the train was entrapped until the train ran into the canyon. Here a rail had been loosened, and as the locomotive left the track, a volley of rifle shots poured into the train. It was centered on the coach, which was the most of the train, and which soon became general, the rebels not caring whether they distinguished passengers from federal soldiers, is no belief.

Lieutenant Ronzon's orders to reply to the fire were carried out by the entrapped soldiers, notwithstanding the advantage which the hillside gave the rebels. Pluckily, every man of the guard fought until silenced. A few passengers, seizing guns from fallen soldiers, assisted in the defense, but the unequal battle lasted only a short time.

Acting upon information brought to them by fugitive members of the train crew, the authorities at Tijuana notified those at Guadalupe, who prepared to send a punitive expedition from there. This was not under way until late today. Another train was sent from the north toward the scene of the reported massacre to recover the bodies and give aid to any wounded that might be found.

TUCSON, Aug. 12.—Heavy fighting is again in progress at La Dura. The rebels advanced and opened fire just before midnight today. This was reported to railway headquarters here by the La Dura agent. The wires were then cut. A train load of federal soldiers leaving La Dura today was held up by two burned bridges on the Yaqui river branch. The train was surrounded by the rebels, who opened fire, causing the federalists to retreat to La Dura. Six hundred rebels are reported at La Mesa, near La Dura. Governor Maytorena, of Sonora, is with the federalists at La Dura.

SEEING EUROPE FROM TWO POINTS OF VIEW.

By John T. McCutcheon.

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Uncle Gid—"Well, by Jiminy, I reckon this Judge and the Missus are having a fine time out there in Europe. I see an item in this week's 'Transcript' that says they are being showered with attentions by them Frenchies and are right in the swim, by Jiminy. I knowed the Judge'd cut a swath over there. You can bet ye you can't lose the Judge, by Jiminy."



The Judge and his wife in Europe.

MOO-JOHNSON FOR PRESIDENT IN 1916

California Man Proclaims Governor Party's Next Logical Candidate

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—Governor Hiram Johnson, progressive nominee for vice president, was proclaimed tonight as the party's logical candidate for president four years hence. This prophetic proclamation was made tonight by Chester Rowell of Fresno, one of the speakers at a mass meeting called to welcome Johnson to San Francisco, on the occasion of his return from the progressive convention at Chicago. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Lincoln and Roosevelt league of California. Johnson was the principal speaker of the evening and censured both old parties. He spoke in praise of platform and of the aims of the new party and reiterated condemnation of the "tactics of the machine" at the republican convention.

CROWDED STEAMER HITS ICE BERG

MONTREAL, Aug. 12.—The Allan line steamer Corsican, which sailed from Montreal last Friday with 200 passengers bound for Liverpool, struck an iceberg east of Belle Isle near Newfoundland, late today, but apparently sustained no serious damage. A wireless message, with which Captain Cook, of the Corsican, reported the accident to Allan officials here tonight, read: "Corsican struck iceberg this afternoon at 4 o'clock; going very slow. Stem injured above water line. Ship making no water. Will proceed on voyage."

Reports that the steamers Lake Champlain and Scandinavian were proceeding to the assistance of the Corsican was denied at the Allan line office. The Corsican was one of the newest and largest of the Allan line, and was built in Glasgow five years ago. She is of 11,419 tons register.

WINE MAKER SLAIN

SAN DIEGO, Aug. 12.—The dead body of Fred Chappelle who operated a winery near Alpine was found on the porch of his house this afternoon. He had been shot through the neck. In the road was found a revolver. Sheriff's posse is searching for two men under suspicion.

TY COBB ROUTS 3 HIGHWAYMEN

Detroit Player Answers 'Hands Up' Order with Blows; Stabbed in Back

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Ty Cobb, the Detroit ball player, who arrived here today, confirmed the story that he was attacked by three highwaymen as he was leaving Detroit last night. While driving to the station in an auto with his wife, three men jumped out from behind a building, and commanded, "Hands up." Cobb sprang out and grappled with the men. He floored one with a blow on the chin, another ran, and the third pulled a knife, inflicting three stab wounds in his back, none of which are severe. Cobb came on here before he had his wounds dressed.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 12.—Ty Cobb, who was attacked by a gang of ruffians at Detroit last night played an exhibition game here this afternoon. Cobb said that the wound was little more than a scratch and would not in any way hinder his playing.

WOMAN FALLS 500 FEET

TACOMA, Aug. 12.—Miss Helen Hunt, a Seattle school teacher, fell to death from the pinnacle of the peak of Mount Rainier today. Her body struck the gulch, 500 feet down and every bone was broken. Miss Hunt was one of a party of sixteen which climbed Rainier today. The accident happened just as the ascent began. Other women of the party were so unnerved that it was necessary to lower them with ropes. All had been mountain climbing for a week and would have ended their trip in three days more.

\$22,500 WORTH OF OPIUM CAPTURED

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 12.—D. D. Williams, an expressman who says he comes from Arizona was arrested late this afternoon in the act of delivering two trunks containing opium valued at \$22,500 in Chinatown. Two Chinese to whom the trunks were consigned, escaped. The drug is thought to have been smuggled from Mexico.

SCHEPPS FEARS NEW YORK POLICE

Rosenthal Suspect at Hot Springs Would Feel Safer with Whitman Officers

HOT SPRINGS, Aug. 12.—"Do not believe all you read in the newspapers about me. I have probably talked too much but I have not said one half that has been printed about me," said Sam Schepps held here for complicity in the murder of Herman Rosenthal tonight. The prisoner received a telegram today from his lawyer in New York, urging him to maintain silence. This message apparently had had its effect and he has had little to say.

No formal charge hangs over Schepps in Arkansas. He submitted to arrest and detention on information of officers who represented to him that they must hold him for New York authorities. Yesterday the prisoner said he would tell his entire story to District Attorney Whitman. But that was yesterday. Today he was impatient and it is apparent that Schepps fears New York Police officials may be on the scene before representatives of the district attorney.

Acting Mayor Pettit received a message from District Attorney Whitman of New York stating that the latter's officers would arrive here Tuesday. Schepps will not be turned over to anyone except a representative of Whitman.

5 KILLED; ENGINES GO THROUGH BRIDGE

SEATTLE, Aug. 12.—Five persons were killed and several injured today when the west bound "Olympian" train on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul broke through a bridge half a mile west of Keechelus, and 67 miles east of Seattle.

The train was a double header. Engine and firemen of both engines were killed. Mrs. Simon Jurich, of Seattle, was the only passenger killed. Railway officials say no other passengers were injured.

METAL MARKETS

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Copper firm, 17.35 to 17.50; tin and lead firm; spelter and antimony quiet; iron firm. Copper arrivals in New York today ten tons. Exports this month 4,592 tons. London tin and copper firm.

LA FOLLETTE SAYS HIS MAIL WAS OPENED

Charges Postal Officials Tamped with Correspondence Trying Learn Secrets of Investigation of That Department

SHOWS BUNDLES 'TAMPED' LETTERS

Declares Railway Service Men Discharged for attempt to Better Condition of Selves

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The senate after five hours work today on the postoffice appropriation bill reached an agreement to vote on the measure tomorrow afternoon. Discussion on the bill enlivened the late day when Senator La Follette, speaking on the house provision granting employees of the postal service the right to organize, deliberately charged officials of the postoffice with rifling his mail in an attempt to delve into an investigation he was making into the postal service.

The Wisconsin senator said his mail had been subjected to espionage almost Russian in character. He showed the senators a bundle of letters which he said had been tampered with.

"Absurd," "ridiculous," were the adjectives applied by officials of the postoffice department to La Follette's charges. They declared positively that if La Follette's mail had been tampered with the crime was committed by some one not connected with the department. Dr. Charles Granfield, first assistant, during the temporary absence of Hitchcock, and acting as postmaster general said he never heard until now that La Follette's mail had been tampered with. Chief Inspector Sharp was equally certain that La Follette's charges were unfounded and entered emphatic denial to them.

La Follette after making the charges said men were removed from the railway mail service "for no reason than that they joined organizations designed to improve labor conditions in the service." He cited several instances.

An amendment written into the bill would compel newspapers using the mails to file with the postmaster general the names of owners, publishers, editors, stockholders, holders of bonds and mortgages.

America Trade Only Determined fight will be made in conference on the Panama canal bill against the granting of free passage through the canal to America or foreign bound ships. The conference committee held its first meeting today and continued their discussion at the night session.

Senator Tamm, who opposed the free toll provisions in the senate, is understood to stand with representatives Adamson and Stevenson of the house conferences, in opposing what they consider a violation of treaty rights by too great concession to foreign bound shipping. It is believed from preliminary conferences on the measure that the free toll provision for American coastwise shipping will be retained.

Cattin Los's Seat Representative Theron F. Cattin, of Missouri, republican, was unseated today as a member of the house of representatives and his democratic opponent, Patrick F. Gill, contested the election. The contest will be held in the senate this week.

One Year for President The fur seal treaty with Great Britain, Russia and Japan, the Works regulation for constitutional amendment to provide for a single year as a presidential term, and the Kenyon-Saunders bill, which prohibits shipment of liquor into dry states, are to be taken up in the senate this week.

ONE BIG BATTLESHIP

The fourth democratic house caucus was called today for Wednesday to clear the battleship question. Fully 100 democratic members have subscribed to the proffered senate compromise to accept provision for one battleship instead of two which the senate amendment to the naval appropriation bill called for. It is expected that the caucus will agree to the compromise and that the one vessel will be the most formidable warship ever built or contemplated.

TO EXAMINE ALASKA COAL SEATTLE, Aug. 12.—Dr. Joseph A. Holmes, director of the United States bureau of mines is preparing to make a survey of the Bering river coal field in Alaska, with a view to use its coal by the United States warships on the Pacific coast. Holmes, who is at Washington will leave Katala on horse back with trains of supplies and forty men beside his scientists. The expedition will set out as soon as the professor arrives in Alaska. Title to all land both in Matanuska and Bering river rests with the United States government. No patent has been issued to any claimant.

Blames Teaching Of Darrow For Times Explosion

Assistant Prosecutor Ford Denounces Accused as Corrupt of Men; Appeal Argues Today

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 12.—Altered nately denouncing Darrow, as a corrupting influence on the minds of the young, the opening argument in the trial today. His denunciation extended to others connected with the defense of the Chicago lawyer, to Job Harriman, whom he maintained was an accomplice of the alleged bribery of jurors, to Lincoln Stephens, whom he derisively designated as a christian anarchist and to other defense witnesses of lesser importance.

Time after time Ford assailed Darrow, personally either because of his philippic teachings or his conduct of the McNamara case pointing dramatically at the accused while launching his indictment.

Blamed For Explosion Throughout the day the man long regarded as the country's foremost champion of organized labor listened to successive arrangements of himself, his friends, and the cause he represented with apparently studied unconcern.

The climax of the prosecutors personal denunciation was reached in his charge that Darrow, by his teachings, was responsible for the blowing up of the Times building and its attendant fatalities. J. J. McNamara he said, was deluded by doctrines advocated by Darrow. At another time the speaker referred to the defendant as a "brilliant gladiator of the courts."

The theory of the defense that Franklin and John E. Harrison were actors in a "frame up" to ruin Darrow was ridiculed by the prosecutor.

Ridicules Stephens "If there was any 'frame up' in this case," he said, "it was between the district attorney and George N. Lockwood to trap Franklin and they did it."

The prosecuting attorney declared the testimony of Lincoln Stephens as to the so called "peace negotiations" were ridiculous and not to be believed. Stephens was denounced as "man who believed a man should not be punished for real murder." He says the men should have gone free because it was a social crime.

Ford closed with an eloquent plea for conviction telling the jurors it was the only verdict compatible with evidence in the case. He concluded at 4:30 o'clock after talking four and a half hours.

Court adjourned until nine o'clock tomorrow morning when Attorney Horace H. Appel, will make the opening argument for the defense.

METORIC SHOWERS IN NORTH HEAVENS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—A series of meteoric showers due in the north western heavens in the constellation of Perseus. They had promised the phenomenon would be toward midnight tonight, becoming brilliant just before daybreak. This display of heavenly fireworks, to be visible to the naked eye, will continue throughout tomorrow and Wednesday night.

Savants explain that this phenomenon is caused by the earth's passing through the thickest portion of meteoric particles known as Perseus showers, the effect of which is that the heavens abound with swiftly moving and shooting stars, darting in all directions.

It was pointed out that this display ought to be unusually brilliant this year, as there is no moon to obscure its brightness.

SAYS PRESIDENT TAFT GOOD MAN GONE WRONG

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—"A shining example of a good man gone wrong," was the characterization of President Taft made by Senator Stone credited Taft with high motives, the senate today, while attacking the president's veto of the democratic progressive wool tariff bill. Senator Stone credited Taft with high motives, but said he allowed himself to become the victim of "environment."

"The president is a high class man," he said, "his sense and intelligence are naturally good. I believe him a patriotic American, devoted to the interests of his country and its people. If left to follow the bent of his own inclination, he would, I think, seek with diligence to promote the public weal."

HONOR FOR STANTON

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Rear Admiral Oscar F. Stanton, U. S. N., retired has been selected by President Taft as a naval attaché to Special Ambassador Knox to the late Japanese Emperor's funeral.

U.S. TROOPER SHOT DOWN BY MEX REBEL

rd Cavalry Surprised Smugglers at Cache of Ammunition; Bullet Through Private's Lungs; Assailant Captured

STEVE'S REPORT BELITTLES RAIDS

Minimizes Robbery American Ranches; Texas Rangers Arrest Revolution Official Federal Advance

EL PASO, Aug. 12.—Philip Glocher, private, troop A, third cavalry was brought to the military hospital at Fort Bliss today from Columbus, N. M., where he was wounded during the night in a brush with Mexican ammunition smugglers. Glocher was shot through the lungs. And his recovery is doubtful. With him was brought as prisoner, E. Tabara, whose right hand was shot off by bullet from an American's rifle. He is the Mexican who fired the shot which pierced the sentry's body.

The affair occurred when a raid made on a cache of ammunition which the smugglers were transporting, little by little to Palomas, Mex., opposite Columbus, where a garrison of rebels is stationed.

Minimize Raids WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Chasing a party of gun runners down in the Big Ben country, Saturday night, Major Sedgewick Rice, third cavalry, for the first time met with serious resistance according to reports to the war department. Mexican rebels fired upon the United States soldiers and one private was seriously wounded. The troops returned the fire, killing one rebel and capturing several others with 50,000 rounds of ammunition. Other rebels, the report says, escaped across the line.

Reb's Didn't Know General Stevers report regarding small rebel bands that raided across the line into American territory, last week, minimizes the whole affair, which the general says resulted in stealing of two horses. The character of the country where the raids occurred is such that it often is impossible for a person to tell when he is on one side or the other of the boundary. Therefore the war department officials are inclined to believe the Mexicans may not have been intentionally guilty.

General Stevers, late today, was informed, by telegram, that he could draw the \$100,000 fund appropriated by congress for relief of American refugees from Mexico, to send to their homes any such Americans as might satisfy him that they were in need.

De La Fuente Arrested EL PASO, Aug. 12.—David De La Fuente, former inspector general of Mexico, but more recently connected with Vasquista revolutionaries, was arrested here late today by state rangers. His arrest followed a visit of Fuente to Juarez, where he had a lengthy consultation with Orozco, the rebel commander in chief. Just what charge federal or state authorities will make against the prisoner was not announced. The arrest was made on advice from San Antonio.

Fuente came here directly from Baltimore where he went to seek treatment for a wound sustained in a battle of the present revolution. He had been known always as an ardent follower of Gomez and mentioned at the time of the Vasquista movement as a probable successor to Orozco. For this reason the meeting of Fuente and Orozco in apparently friendly conferences baffles the secret service.

Federals Move on Juarez General Rabago and Tejuez with an army of 5000 federalists is pressing towards Juarez, on the Mexican North-western railway according to advices received late today by federal officials here. It was announced that federalists have reached Nueva Casas Grandes, 100 miles southwest of Juarez, where General Orozco with less than 700 rebels is stationed.

Federals are repairing the disrupted northwestern and leaving a smallarrison, along their route, according to official report. Strong detachments have been sent into abandoned Mormon colonies to prevent further disorders.

According to federal advices received here Colonel O'Horan in command of the federalists repairing the destroyed right of way of the Mexican Central has reached Laguna, about one third of the distance from the city of Chihuahua to Juarez. It is understood that General Huerta and a greater portion of the federal army is about the city of Chihuahua remains at the state capital pending repairing of the railroad.